

INVESTMENT IN EMERGING ECONOMIES: COUNTRY PERSPECTIVES ON POLICY FRAMEWORK

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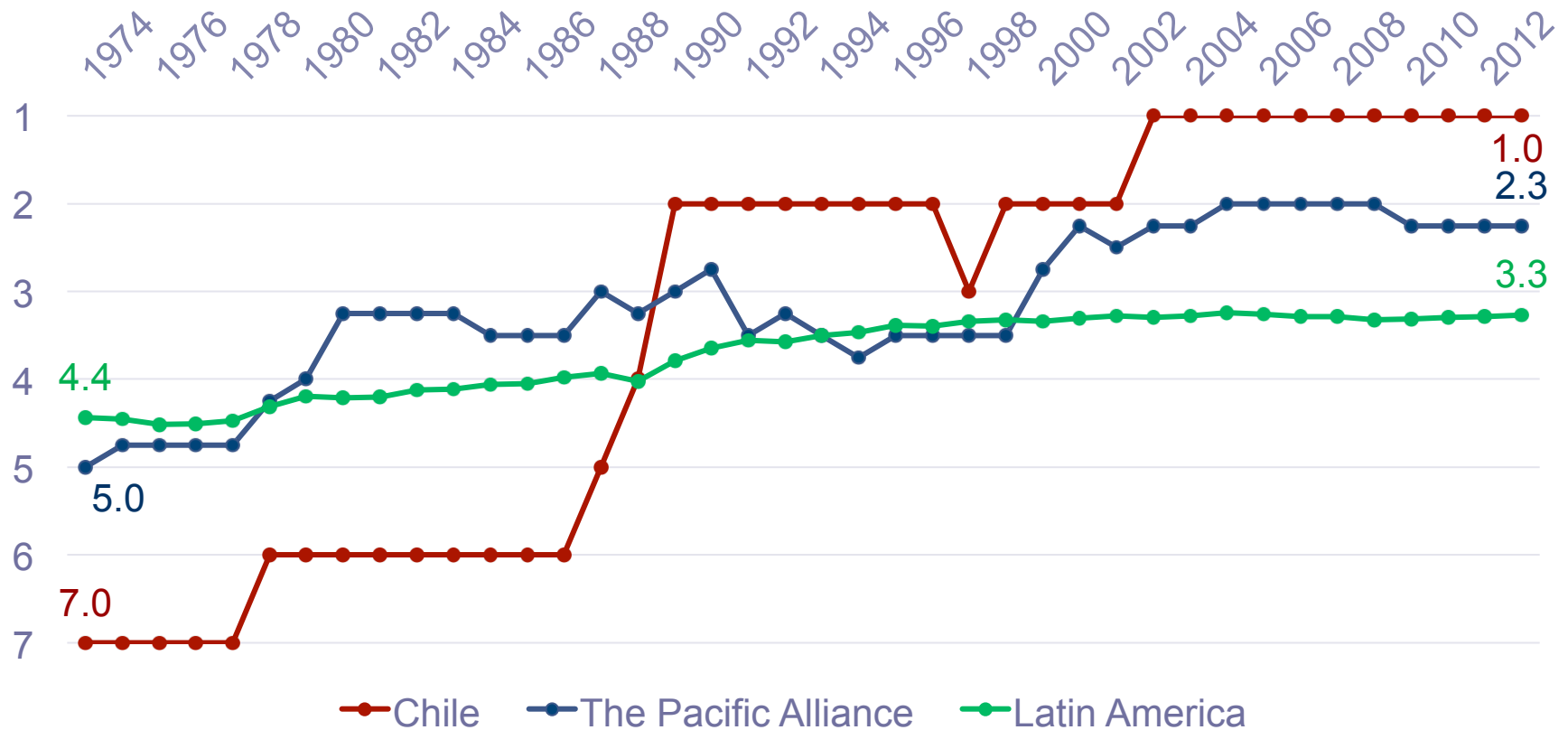
Latin America and the Caribbean – a decade of succes in the attraction of Foreign Direct Investment

FDI (US\$Millions)

	2000-2005 (avg)	2011
Argentina	4,296	8,671
Brazil	19,197	66,660
Chile	5,047	17,299
Colombia	3,683	13,388
Peru	1,604	8,233
Mexico	23,298	20,357
South America	38,004	123,978
Total	67,488	157,151

Thanks to better institutions and public policies

Democracy and Political Rights



Political Rights is measured on a one-to-seven scale, with one representing the highest degree of Freedom and seven the lowest. FREEDOM HOUSE

Thanks to macroeconomic policies, more open economies and favorable external conditions

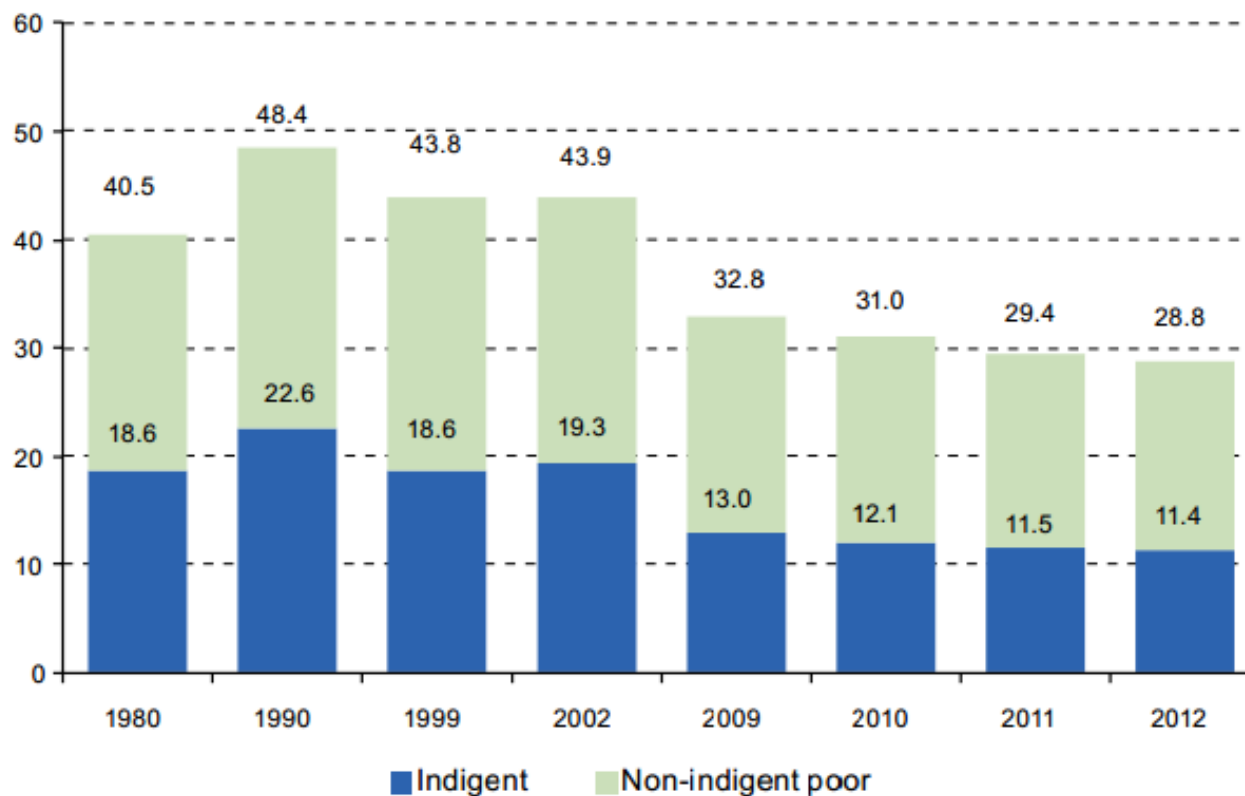
GDP Growth (%)

	2000-2002	2003-2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013(*)
Argentina	-5.4	8.5	0.9	9.2	8.9	2.2	4.3
Brazil	2.8	4.2	-0.3	7.5	2.7	1.2	2.3
Chile	3.4	4.7	-1.0	6.1	6.0	5.5	4.2
Colombia	2.4	5.2	1.7	4.0	5.9	4.5	4.3
Perú	2.7	7.0	0.9	8.8	6.9	6.2	5.0
Mexico	2.4	3.1	-6.3	5.6	3.9	3.8	1.1
Latin America and Carib.	1.9	4.6	-2	6	4.3	3.1	2,7

Thanks to social progress, especially the reduction of poverty

Latin America and the Caribbean: poverty and indigence, 1980-2012

(Percentages)



Source: Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC).

Thanks to better Foreign Investment Policies and Practices

Basic Principles for attracting FDI

1. Non-Discrimination
2. Non-Discretionary Process
3. Certainty in the Investment Contract
4. Stability in the Tax Regime

Challenges for the future – “Sustainability”

Creation and implementation of a Sustainability Growth Strategy

VISION

“... it is possible to achieve sustainable development in order to improve the quality of life of Chileans, both this generation and future ones, through the generation of efficient public policies, promoting good regulatory practices and improving environmental education. ”

PRINCIPLES

Prevention

Holding the Accountable Party Responsible

Efficiency

Gradualism

Realism

Challenges for the future - “Shared Values”

Corporate Vision (local and multinationals):

“Corporate policies and practices, while enhancing competitiveness of a company ,must simultaneously advance social and economic conditions in the communities in which it operates” (M. Porter)

Creating Economic Value and Societal Needs

